

# Proxeny for Aristokreon son of Nausikrates

ELA id: 46

## IG 2[3] 1 1140

Inv. number	EM 7496
PHI	347435 <a href="http://inscriptions.packhum.org/text/347435?&amp;bookid=877&amp;location=7">http://inscriptions.packhum.org/text/347435?&amp;bookid=877&amp;location=7</a>
Translations	<a href="https://www.atticinscriptions.com/inscription/IGII31/1140">https://www.atticinscriptions.com/inscription/IGII31/1140</a> <a href="http://pom.bbaw.de/ig/IG%20II_III%201,%201140">http://pom.bbaw.de/ig/IG%20II_III%201,%201140</a>
Images	

## Description

**Date** Shortly after 229/8 BCE

**Period:** 3rd century BCE --> second half --> after 229 BCE, liberation from Macedonian control

✓ disputed

### Notes:

The honourand had contributed to the fund "for freedom" in 229 BCE (Habicht 1982 81-2), cf. reference to ἐλευθερία on l. 3.

**Text category** honorific decree (proxeny), honorific decree (enktesis), honorific decree (praise - crown)

**Monument description** **Monument type:** stele

**Material:** white marble

**Letters Height Mt:** 0.005

**Same stonecutter as:**

IG 2[2] 1706, see Tracy 1990

## Physical features

**Measurements:** h: 0.457 \* w: 0.28 \* t: 0.11

**State of conservation:** The back and part of the left edge are preserved.

**Legibility:** The preserved inscribed surface is, all in all, well legible, although various letters are obliterated by several irregular holes.

**Reuse:** Possibly reused as a building stone (see Findspot).

**Signs of reuse:** The stele is broken on all sides, and the surface is damaged by several irregular holes; no explicit sign of reuse is nonetheless extant.

## Findspot

Acropolis --> Erechtheion (northeast of) --> medieval/modern building

**Formerly known as:** Tholos

### Details:

Found in the dismantling of the s.c. 'tholos', formerly located northeast of the Erechtheion, see WilhelmSBakBerlin 1887, 1069 no. 8

**Date of discovery:** 1887

**Circumstances:** archeological excavation

### First edition:

IG 2 5 Suppl., 407e

## Original location

Acropolis

### Details:

Rather likely, this stele may have been originally set up in proximity of IG 2[3] 1 1141, whose general contents and historical circumstances were essentially the same.

### Internal references to Athenian places and monuments:

Acropolis.

## Publication provisions and other related clauses

Publication clause	(Il. 32-7): ἀναγράψαι δὲ τόδε τὸ ψήφ[ισμα τὸν γραμματέα τὸν] κατὰ <π>ρυτανείαν ἐν στ[ήλει λιθίνει καὶ στήσαι] ἐν ἀκροπόλει· τὸ δὲ γενό[μενον ἀνάλωμα εἰς τὴν] ποίησιν τῆς στήλης καὶ τὴν ἀνάθεσιν μερίσαι τὸν τα]μ[ί]αν τῶν στρατιωτικῶ[ν καὶ τοὺς ἐπὶ τεῖ] [διο]ικήσει. vacat
Location	ἐν ἀκροπόλει
Hortatory Intention	(Il. 15-7): ὅπως ἂν οὖν ἐφάμιλλον ε[ῖ] εὐεργετε[ῖν πᾶσιν εἰδό]σιν, ὅτι καὶ ὁ δῆμος, καθάπερ αὐτῶ[ι πάτριόν ἐστιν, ἀπο]δώσει τὴν προσήκουσαν ἐκάστο[ις χάριν,

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