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Aqueous Solar Cells: Novel Trends in Hybrid Devices

Federico Bella ^a, Claudio Gerbaldi ^a, Simone Galliano ^b, Guido Viscardi ^b, Claudia Barolo ^b, Michael Gratzel ^c

^a Politecnico di Torino, Italy, Corso Duca Degli Abruzi 24, Torino, 10129, Italy

International Conference on Hybrid and Organic Photovoltaics (/hybrid-and-organic-photovoltaics-international-conference)

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Dye sensitized solar cells (DSSCs) with high performances have been fabricated mainly with organic solvent-based liquid electrolytes. However, these solvents not only have high vapor pressure, but they are often toxic and flammable. In the last few years, the idea of moving towards a water-based or completely aqueous system clearly emerged [1].

DSSCs fabricated with aqueous electrolytes may offer reduced costs, non-flammability and environmental compatibility, but the presence of water in the cell may reduce the long term stability as well as the photovoltaic performance. For this reason, in recent years, an increasing number of research articles has been published in this direction and new dyes, electrodes and electrolyte components are continuously proposed [2].

In this work, the study of different truly aqueous electrolytes is presented and a chemometric approach, useful to investigate and optimize their efficiency and stability, is effectively demonstrated. A few curious and anomalous behaviors observed in the literature and in our laboratories are investigated for this class of electrolytes. Moreover the development of a series of novel aqueous gel electrolytes based on natural polymers is also discussed as well as their interesting photovoltaic characteristics.

[1] Xiang, W.; Huang, F.; Cheng, Y.-B.; Bach, U.; Spiccia, L. Energy Environ. Sci., 2013, 6, 121.

[2] F. Bella, F.; Gerbaldi, C.; Barolo, C.; Grätzel, M. Chem. Soc. Rev. 2015, 44 (11), 3431.

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^b Università degli Studi di Torino, Via P. Giuria 7, Torino, 10125, Italy

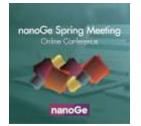
^c Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL), Lausanne, Switzerland

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International Conference on Hybrid and Organic Photovoltaics (HOPV) is celebrated yearly in May. The main topics are the development, function and modeling of materials and devices for hybrid and organic solar cells. The field is now dominated by perovskite solar cells but also other hybrid technologies, as organic solar cells, quantum dot solar cells, and dye-sensitized solar cells and their integration into devices for photoelectrochemical solar fuel production.



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properties to a broad set of applications. The conference also covers the developments of perovskite optoelectronics, including light-emitting diodes, lasers, optical devices, nanophotonics, nonlinear optical properties, colloidal nanostructures, photophysics and light-matter coupling.

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