

Evaluating cover crop mixtures in orchards: a multi-functional approach

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The use of grassing in orchards is a technique that has been used for several years and provides some fundamental functions for the sustainable management of the orchard. The current trend is to move towards the use of mixed cultures, which should provide a higher variety of functions than a single crop. The present work describes the development of a vegetational index that would allow to evaluate and optimize inter-row plant covers, starting from information on the species found in the field and their abundance.

Materials and Methods



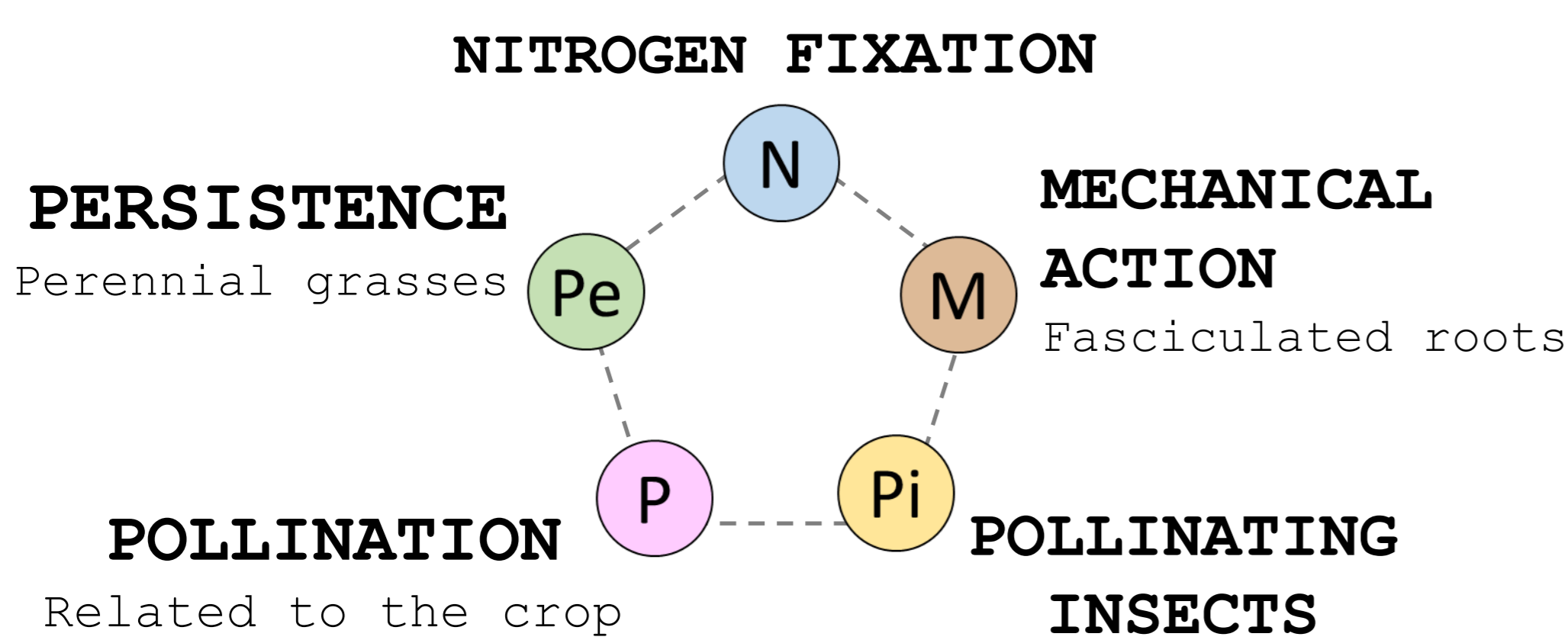
Position of apple and blueberry orchards in Cavour area, Piedmont, Italy.

$$\text{Index} = (Sa \cdot Ca) + (Sb \cdot Cb) + (Sc \cdot Cc) + (Sd \cdot Cd)$$

a, b, c, d...
potential functions

Classes (S)	N°species	Classes (C)	Coverage (%)
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	<5
2	2-3	2	5-25
3	4-5	3	25-50
4	6-7	4	50-75
5	>8	5	75-100

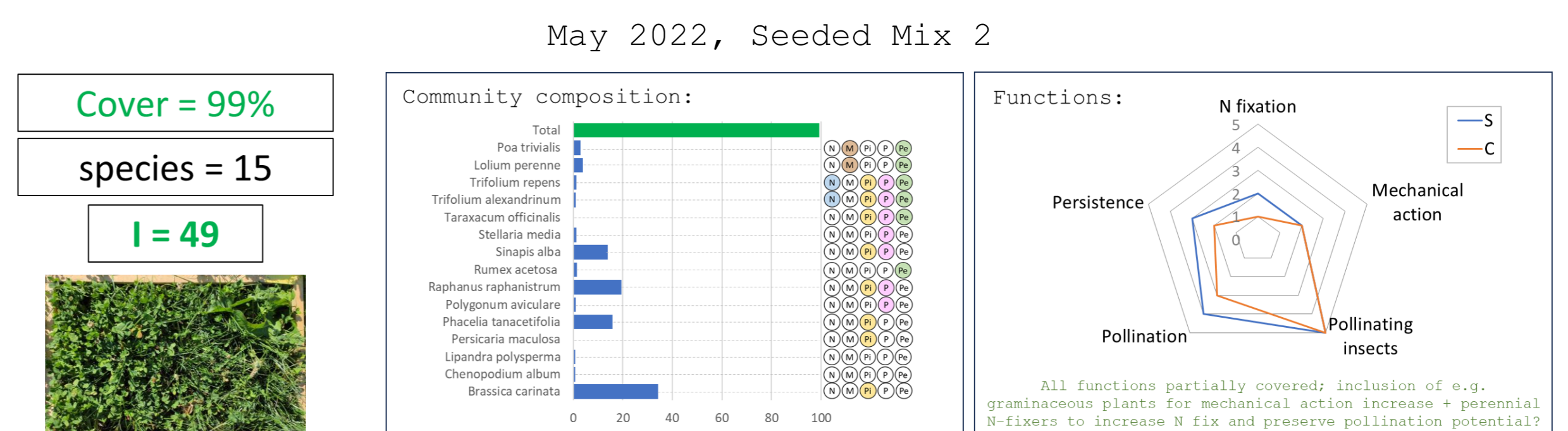
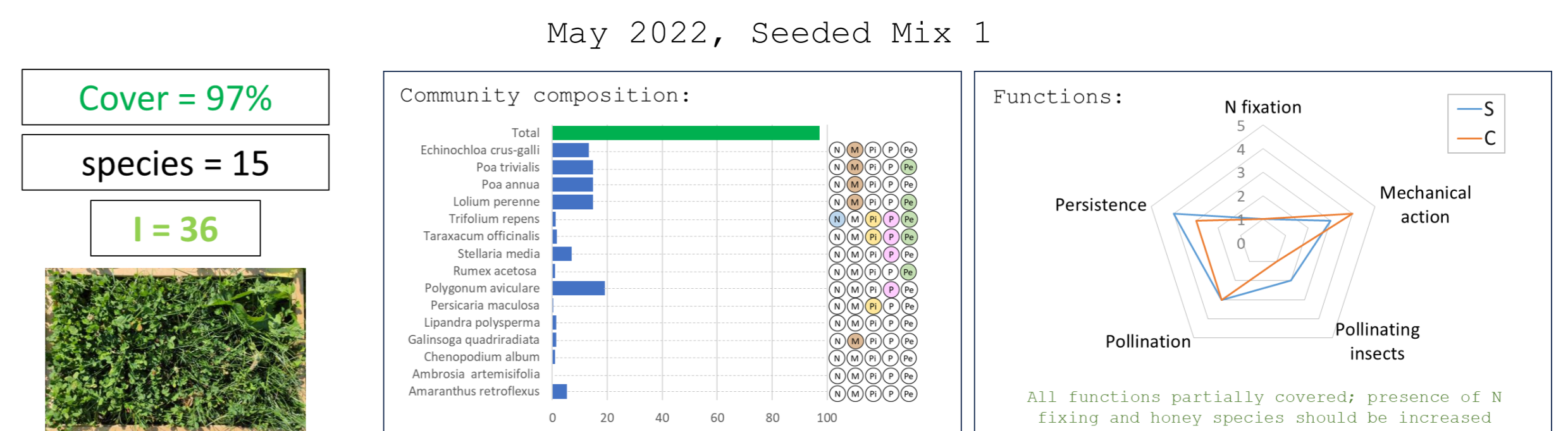
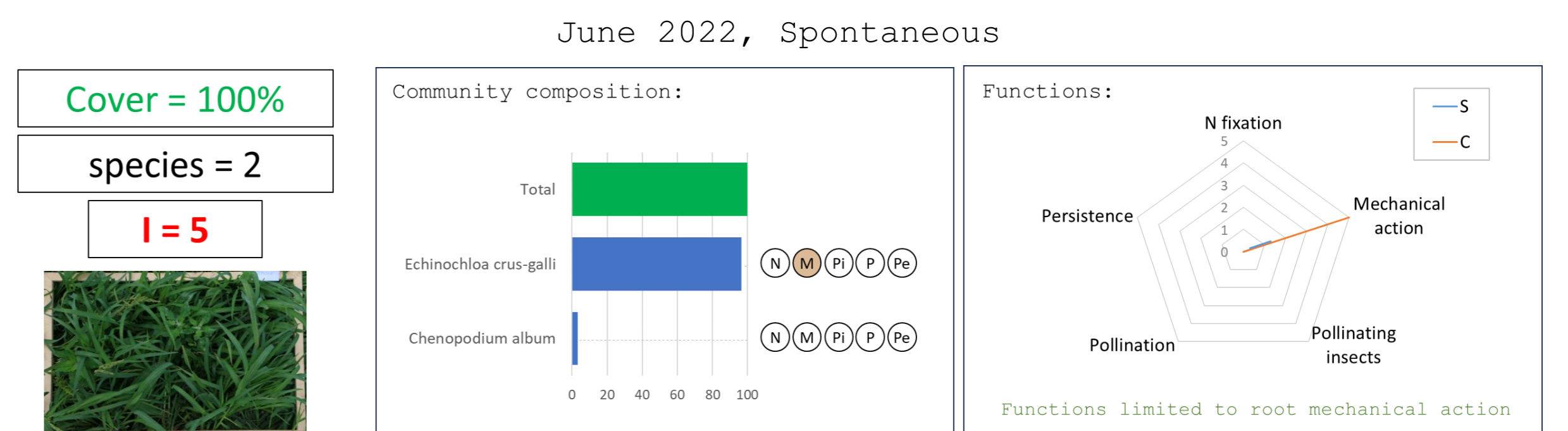
FUNCTIONS



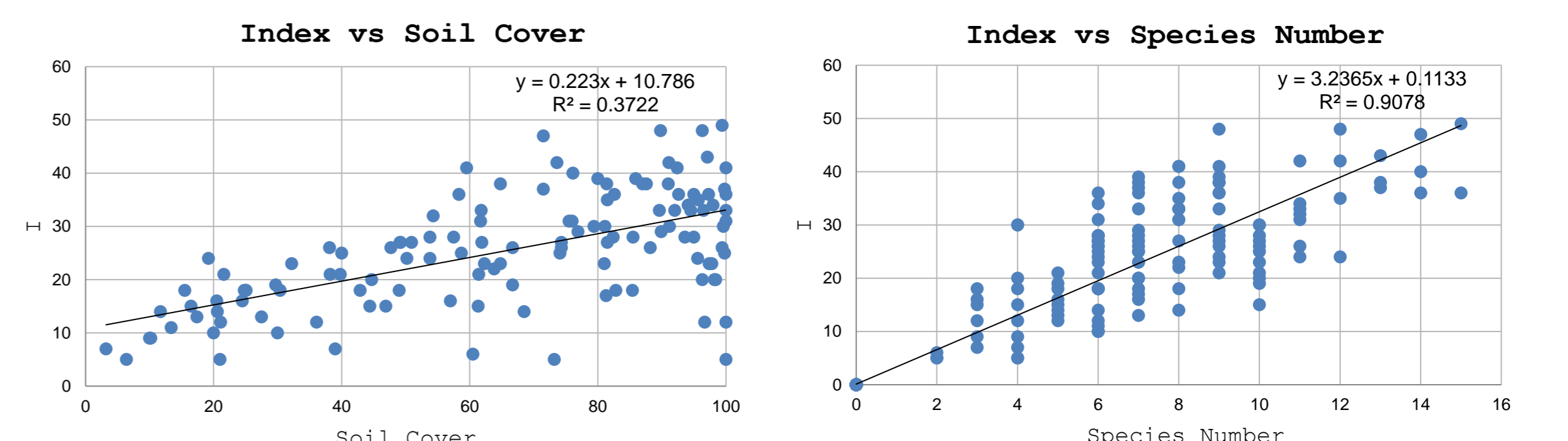
Name	N-fix	Root system	Perennial	Flowering duration	Pollination	Seed dispersal	Melliferous
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	5;6;7;8;9;10	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	6;7;8;9	Anemophily	Anemochory-Zoochory	NO
<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	1;2;3;4;5;6;7;8;9;10;11;13	Entomophily	Barochory	YES
<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	1;2;3;4;5;6;7;8;9;10;11;13	Entomophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	5;6;7;8;9;10;11;12	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	NO	Rhizome	NO	5;6;7;8;9	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	NO	Fibrous	NO	5;6;7;8;9;10;11	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	NO	Fibrous	NO	5;6;7;8;9;10	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	NO	Fibrous	YES	4;5;6;7	Anemophily	Anemochory-Myrmecochory	NO
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	NO	Fibrous	YES	4;5;6;7;8;9;10	Anemophily	Barochory	NO
<i>Galinsoga quadriradiata</i>	NO	Fibrous	NO	7;8;9;10	Entomophily	Anemochory-Myrmecochory	NO
<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>	NO	Stolon	YES	2;3;4;5;6	Entomophily	Anemochory-Myrmecochory	NO
<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	NO	Rhizome	YES	2;3;4;5;6;7;8;9;10;11;12	Entomophily	Anemochory-Myrmecochory	YES
<i>Lolium perenne</i>	NO	Fibrous	YES	2;3;4;5;6;7;8;9;10	Anemophily	Anemochory-Myrmecochory	NO
<i>Malva neglecta</i>	NO	Taproot	NO	4;5;6;7;8	Entomophily	Barochory	YES
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	NO	Stolon	YES	4;5;6;7;8;9;10;11	Entomophily	Ballistic	NO
<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	NO	Fibrous	NO	7;8;9;10	Anemophily	Barochory	NO

Results

Is 100% soil cover enough?



Overall trends



Conclusions

- The index offers information **complementary** to total **soil cover**, and positively correlated with the number of species
- The presence of **multifunctional species** strongly impacts the final value of the index

Open Issues

- Recognition of Graminaceae, especially after mowing
- Need to include more functional traits (e.g. mycorrhization ability, biomass production, root length...)

Funded by:



References

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 Mario Hanisch et al. Plant functional traits shape multiple ecosystem services, their trade-offs and synergies in grasslands. Journal of applied ecology. 2022