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PRDM1/BLIMP1 is commonly inactivated in anaplastic large T-cell lymphoma.

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Supplemental Materials

Supplementary Figure 1. Frequency of DNA gains (up) and losses (down) observed in seven ALCL cell lines [five derived from ALK(+), one from ALK(-) and one from cutaneous ALCL]. Red (up) represents gains and blue (down) represents losses. X-axis, chromosome localization and physical mapping; Y-axis, proportion of cases showing the aberrations.

Supplementary Figure 2. Validation of BLIMP1 deletion. FISH analysis has been performed for *PRDM1* gene deletion on all ALCL cell lines and three clinical specimens previously analyzed through the Affymetrix SNP6.0 platforms. Karpas299, SUDHL1 and ALK(-) clinical specimen 2475/05 pictures are reported as example. Orange: *PRDM1* gene locus (134 E15); Green: Cep 6 (RP11-164C22).

Figure S3. *PRDM1* is a tumor suppressor gene in other *in vitro* models of ALCL. (A) BLIMP1 protein level after infection with empty vector (pWPI) or vector for BLIMP1 re-expression (pWPI-HA-BLIMP1) in JB6 and SUDHL1 ALK(+) cell lines. (B) Growth curve after infection for JB6 and SUDHL1 cell lines, cells counted at day 2, 3, 4 after infection. (C) Percentage of GFP positive cells after infection at day 2, 3 and 4 in JB6 and SUDHL1 cell lines. (D) Percentage of dead cells after infection at day 2, 3 and 4 in JB6 and SUDHL1 cell lines.

Supplementary Figure 4. Kaplan-Meier graph showing OS in systemic ALCL according to the presence of *PRDM1* inactivation and/or *TP53* locus loss. X-axis, months; Y-axis, percentage of alive patients.

Supplementary Table 1. Primers used for DNA sequencing or real-time PCR.

Supplementary Table 2. Clinical characteristics of the ALCL series.

Supplementary Table 3. Significant regions affected by DNA gains and losses in ALCL, as estimated using the GISTIC algorithm.

Supplementary Table 4. Significant regions affected by DNA gains and losses in ALK-ALCL, as estimated using the GISTIC algorithm.

Supplementary Figure 1. Frequency of DNA gains (up) and losses (down) observed in seven ALCL cell lines [five derived from ALK(+), one from ALK(-) and one from cutaneous ALCL]. Red (up) represents gains and blue (down) represents losses. X-axis, chromosome localization and physical mapping; Y-axis, proportion of cases showing the aberrations.



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Karpas299 ALK+ cell line



SUDHL1 ALK+ cell line



2475/05 ALK- case

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Supplementary Figure 4. Kaplan-Meier graph showing OS in systemic ALCL according to the presence of *PRDM1* inactivation and/or *TP53* locus loss. X-axis, months; Y-axis, percentage of alive patients.



Supplementary Table 1. Primers used for DNA sequencing or real-time PCR.

Application	Target	Primer FW (5-'3')	Primer REV (5-'3')
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex1	TGACGCCAAACACATGTTAAA	GTTCCAGCTCACACTCGTCA
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex2 ¹	TATACGGCTTCTTGGCTCTT	AGGAACAGTTGAAGGCTGG
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex3 ¹	AGATGGTCTCCCCCTATGGT	AAGCAAGCAACAAACTGTTTC
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex4 ¹	GCCCTGATTTCTGCTGATTC	GTCCCTAGCTTAAGCCACCT
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex1b	TAGATGTTCATCCCGTTCTGA	ACTTGAGAATGACCAAAATG
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex5 ¹	TTGAGTGAGTGGCCCAGAG	AGGGAAGTCACTTGTCCAAA
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex6 ¹	AAACTCCCTGCTAGCCTGTG	GCCATCTCAAGTCATCAGCA
Mutational analysis	PRDM1-ex7 ¹	CACAAGGAGGCTTCTCACCT	GATTTCAGTAACTTTGGAGTT
Mutational analysis	TP53-ex4 ²	TCCTCTGACTGCTCTTTTCAC	TGAAGTCTCATGGAAGCCAG
Mutational analysis	TP53-ex5 ²	GTTTCTTTGCTGCCGTCTTC	AGCAATCAGTGAGGAATCAG
Mutational analysis	TP53-ex6 ²	TCTGATTCCTCACTGATTGCTC	CCACTGACAACCACCCTTAAC
Mutational analysis	TP53-ex7 ²	TCATCTTGGGCCTGTGTTATC	AGTGTGCAGGGTGGCAAG
Mutational analysis	TP53-ex8 ²	AGGACCTGATTTCCTTACTGCC	ATAACTGCACCCTTGGTCTCC
Methylation analyisis	PRDM1-meth	TTAGTAAATTTGGGGGGAAAGTTTTG	TTAGTAAATTTGGGGGAAAGTTTTG
Real time PCR	PRDM1	ACATGACCGGCTACAAGACC	GGCATTCATGTGGCTTTTCT
Real time PCR	FGG	TGCATTAAGAGTGGAACTGGAA	TGTTAGGCGGTACTTGTCAG
Real time PCR	SERPINA3	GTTCAGAGAGATAGGTGAGC	CTGGTGAAGGCTTCCTCAAT
Real time PCR	SHIP1	CCCTGCAAGAAATCACCAGT	ATCCGGTTCTCGTGCTCAG
Real time PCR	PMAIP1	GAGATGCCTGGGAAGAAGG	TTCTGCCGGAAGTTCAGTTT
Real time PCR	GAPDH	CGACCACTTTGTCAAGCTCA	CCCTGTTGCTGTAGCCAAAT

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	ALK-			ALK+		
	n	Valid	Percentage	n	Valid	Percentage
median age (range)	60 (13-83)	28		21.5 (8-68)	30	
Male/Female	17/11	28		16/14	30	
Stage						
I	3	14	21.4%	3	18	16.7%
II	6	14	42.8%	3	18	16.7%
III	1	14	7.2%	4	18	22.2%
IV	4	14	28.6%	8	18	44.4%
B symptoms						
Yes	6	9	66.7%	9	15	60%
No	3	9	33.3%	6	15	40%
Elevated LDH						
Yes	6	10	60%	10	18	55.6%
No	4	10	40%	8	18	44.4%
BM involvement						
Yes	0	13	0%	5	18	27.8%
No	13	13	100%	13	18	72.2%
Performance status						
0	3	8	37.5%	7	12	58.3%
1	4	8	50%	1	12	8.3%
2	1	8	12.5%	4	12	33.4%
Therapy						
CHOP regimen	7	13	53.8%	13	22	59.1%
no CHOP regimen	6	13	46.2%	9	22	40.9%

Supplementary Table 2. Clinical characteristics of the ALCL series ^a.

^a LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; BM, bone marrow; CHOP, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, prednisone.

Lesions	Cytoband	Frequency	Start*	Size*	q-value	Residual q- value	Candidate gene
Gains							
	9p24.1	11%	5,51E+06	2,64E+06	0,23624	0,23624	NCAM2
	3p26.3	6%	1,67E+06	1,14E+05	0,23624	0,23624	
	15q11.2	7%	2,53E+07	3,74E+04	0,23624	0,23624	IPW
	20q11.22	6%	3,28E+07	2,69E+05	0,23624	0,23624	ASIP, AHCY, ITCH, MIR644
	11p13	5%	3,48E+07	6,87E+05	0,23624	0,23624	APIP, PDHX, CD44
	13q31.3	3%	8,90E+07	4,22E+06	0,23624	0,23624	MIR17HG
	15q25.2	3%	8,45E+07	2,85E+04	0,23624	0,23624	ADAMTSL3
Losses							
	17p13.1	25%	6094336	1,62E+06	0,081305	0,0099598	TP53
	6q21	17%	94817995	2,12E+07	4,68E-11	2,81E-10	ATG5, PRDM1
	13q32.3	16%	93231989	1,52E+07	0,0025428	0,011625	
	14q11.2	16%	22185014	1,29E+06	6,57E-08	1,88E-07	TCRA, TRAC
	16q23.2	16%	78750889	4,46E+03	1	0,1503	WWOX
	12q24.31	13%	121569998	5,68E+05	0,052865	0,08445	
	13q21.31	13%	62409809	3,97E+06	0,0092452	0,040311	
	13q31.1	13%	82365728	6,66E+06	0,052865	0,098264	SLITRK1, SLITRK6
	1p13.2	13%	108240651	1,09E+07	0,026836	0,014931	
	13q21.2	11%	60450644	2,02E+05	1	0,18826	DIAPH3
	12q12	9%	44431029	3,90E+05	0,57913	0,11838	TMEM117
	15q26.1	9%	89159161	4,58E+04	0,052865	0,08445	AEN, ISG20
	2q37.3	8%	240125114	1,50E+05	0,026836	0,041884	HDAC4, MIR4269
	18q22.1	5%	65059883	3,95E+05	0,0067821	0,013671	DSEL
	20q13.13	5%	48907930	7,76E+04	0,048594	0,069286	
	7q31.1	5%	110681611	8,13E+04	0,14064	0,18826	IMMP2L
	1q32.1	3%	198580256	3,31E+05	0,026836	0,041884	PTPRC
	14q23.1	3%	61926178	1,41E+03	1	0,18826	PRKCH
	1p31.3	3%	66726940	9,79E+04	0,081305	0,1503	PDE4B
	21q21.1	2%	22619036	3,63E+03	1	0,11838	NCAM2

Supplementary Table 3. Significant regions affected by DNA gains and losses in ALCL, as estimated using the GISTIC algorithm.

* Numbering according to Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 37 (GRCh37) (hg19).

Lesions	Cytoband	Frequency	Start*	Size*	q-value	Residual q- value	Candidate Gene
Gains							
	20q11.22	12%	3,28E+07	2,69E+05	0,22719	0,22719	ASIP, AHCY, ITCH, MIR644
	11p13	6%	3,48E+07	6,87E+05	0,22719	0,22719	APIP, PDHX, CD44
	13q31.3	6%	8,90E+07	4,22E+06	0,22719	0,22719	MIR17HG
Losses							
	17p13.1	42%	7,47E+06	1,06E+04	0,99208	0,1585	TP53
	14q11.2	39%	2,22E+07	1,29E+06	6,74E-06	3,35E-05	TCRA, TRAC
	6q21	33%	9,48E+07	1,86E+07	1,43E-08	8,94E-08	ATG5, PRDM1
	12q24.31	27%	1,22E+08	5,68E+05	0,021862	0,039734	
	1p13.2	24%	9,85E+07	2,19E+07	0,0095216	0,0063173	
	13q21.31	24%	6,24E+07	3,97E+06	0,003499	0,066829	
	13q21.33	24%	6,64E+07	7,05E+06	0,0010479	0,25555	PCDH9, KHLH1
	13q33.1	24%	9,32E+07	1,52E+07	0,003499	0,047195	SLITRK1, SLITRK6
	13q21.2	21%	6,05E+07	2,02E+05	0,99208	0,14511	DIAPH3
	13q31.1	21%	8,24E+07	6,59E+06	0,021862	0,091229	
	20p13	18%	7,35E+04	1,93E+03	0,1217	0,21329	
	20q13.13	18%	4,89E+07	4,00E+08	0,019672	0,039734	
	4q22.2	15%	9,40E+07	1,39E+04	1	0,21329	GRID2
	18q23	15%	6,51E+07	7,06E+07	0,021862	0,039734	
	21q21.1	6%	2,26E+07	3,63E+03	1	0,047195	NCAM2

Supplementary Table 4. Significant regions affected by DNA gains and losses in ALK-ALCL, as estimated using the GISTIC algorithm.

* Numbering according to Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 37 (GRCh37) (hg19).