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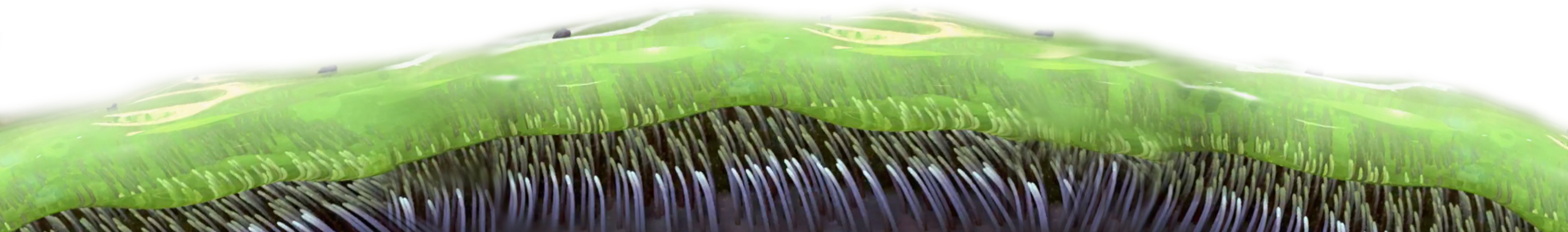
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Untie the skein: deciphering the mechanism governing the interaction of drugs with mucus using a biosimilar mucus model

Cosmin Butnarusu, Daniela Peneda Pacheco, Sebastiao van Uden, Paola Petrini, Livia Visai, Giulia Caron, Sonja Visentin

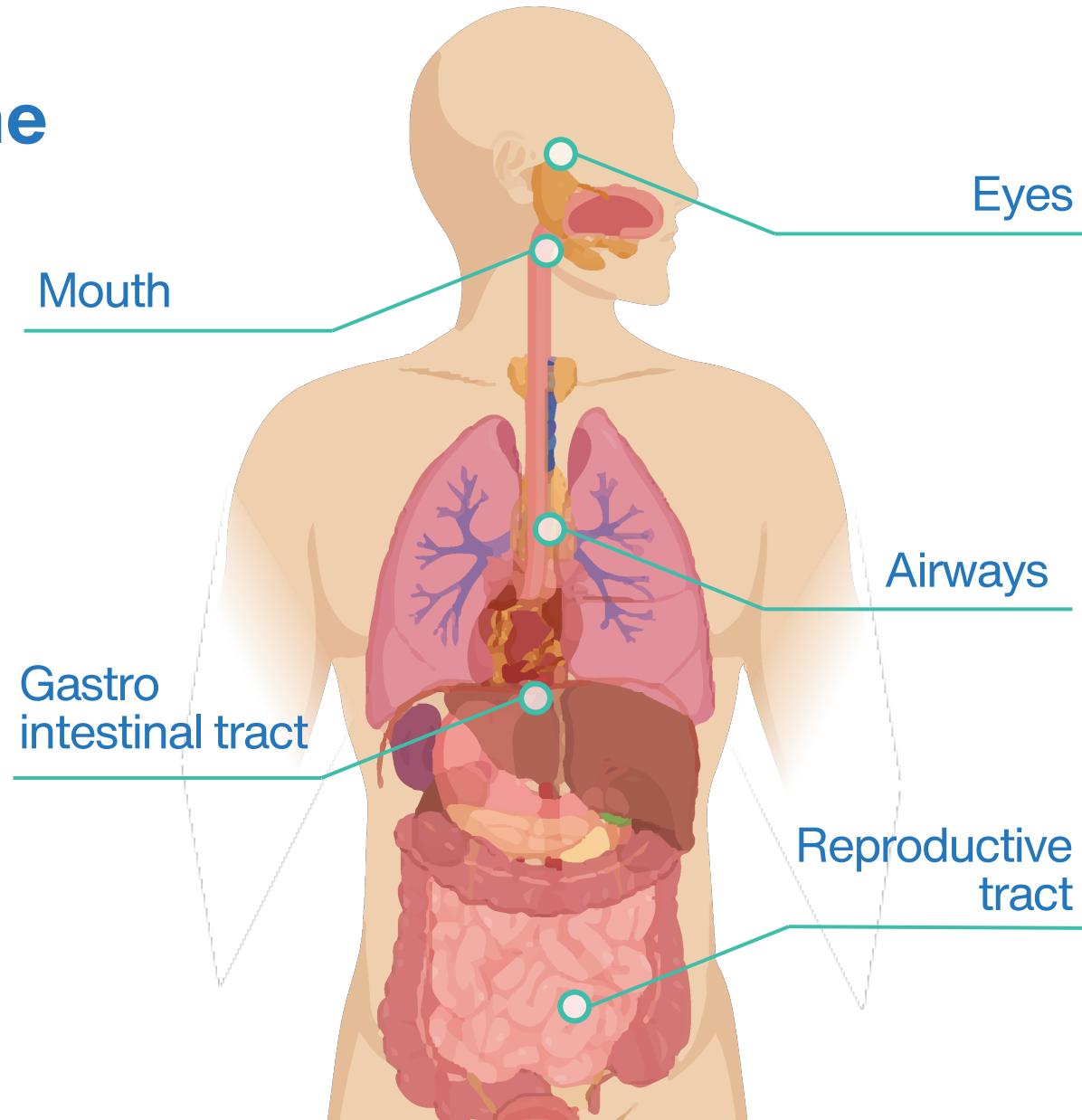
Introduction | mucus protect us

Mucus is the
**body's first line
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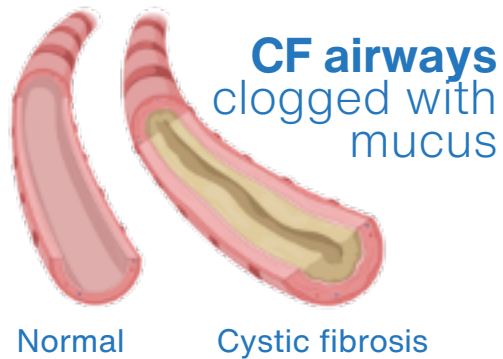


Introduction | mucus can be a barrier for the absorption of drugs

Mucus is the **body's first line of defense**

Disorders associated with mucus overproduction

- Cystic fibrosis
- COPD
- Asthma



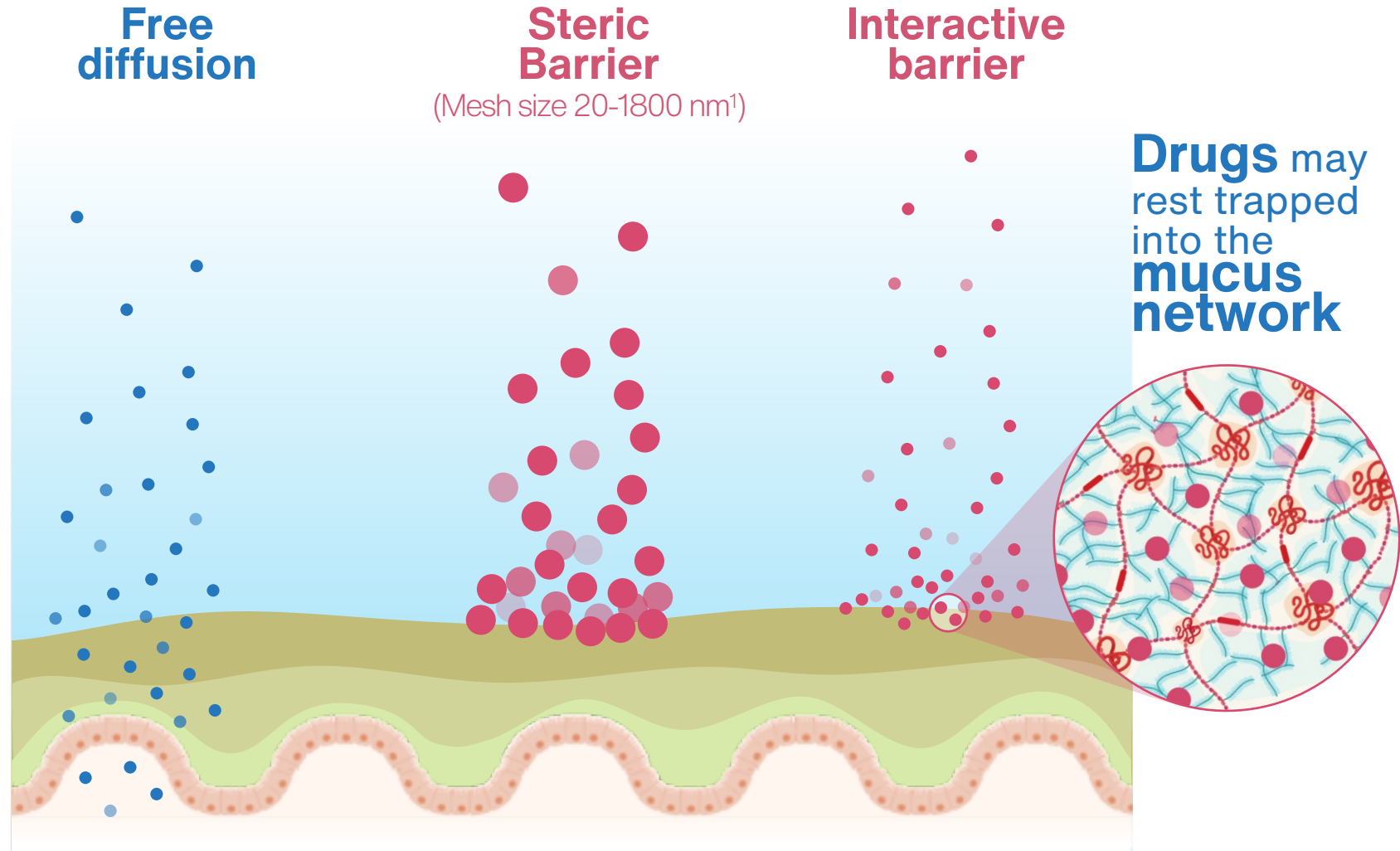
Free diffusion

Steric Barrier

(Mesh size 20-1800 nm¹)

Interactive barrier

Drugs may rest trapped into the **mucus network**



¹ Leal J., et al., Int. J. Pharm, Vol. 532, (2017), 136-144, DOI 10.1016/j.ijpharm.2017.09.018

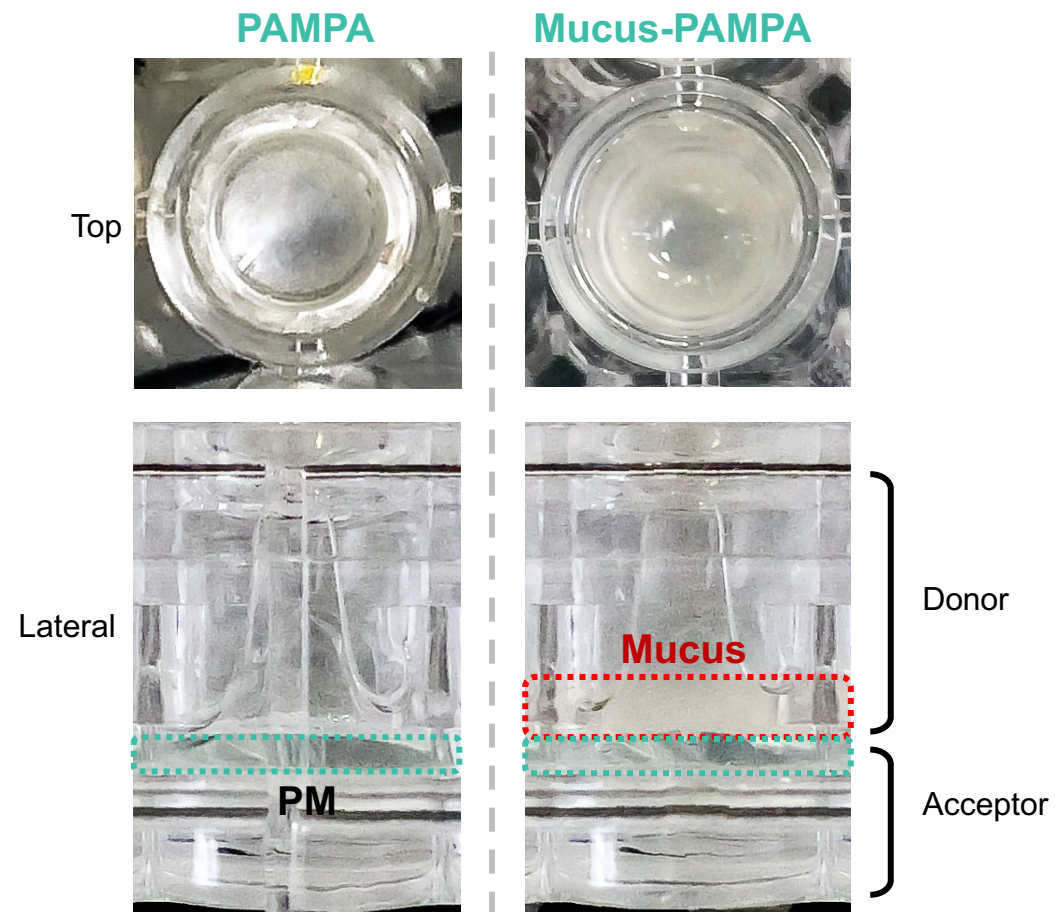
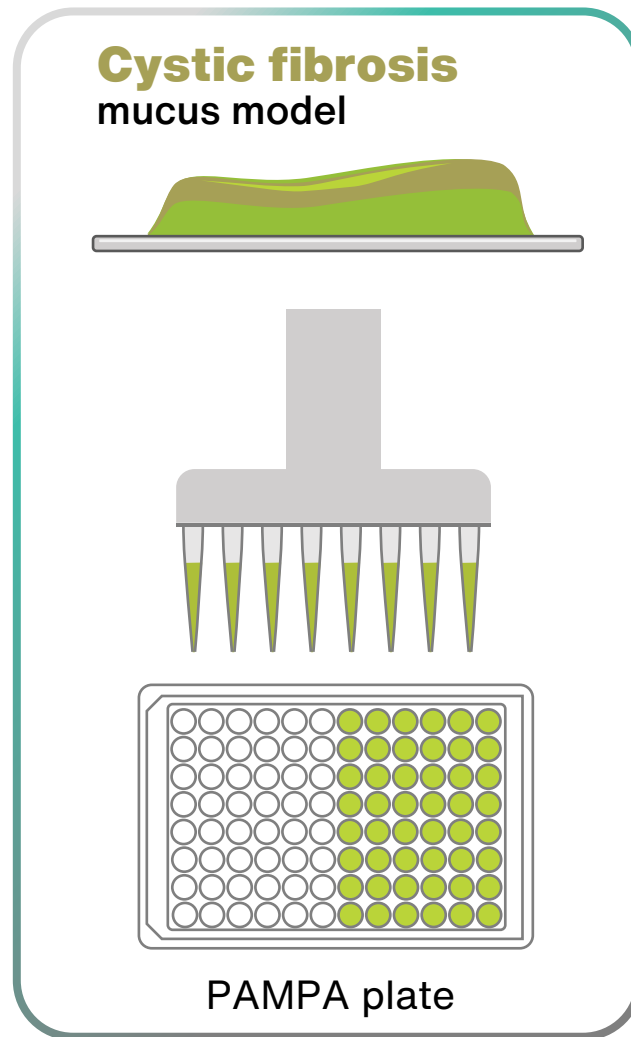
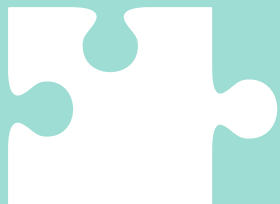
Aim | a biosimilar mucus model to study the diffusion of drugs

What we need

Realistic 3D *in vitro* mucus model

Standardized model suitable for HTS purposes

Reduce ineffective drug candidates



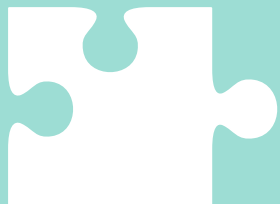
Aim | a biosimilar mucus model to study the diffusion of drugs

What we need

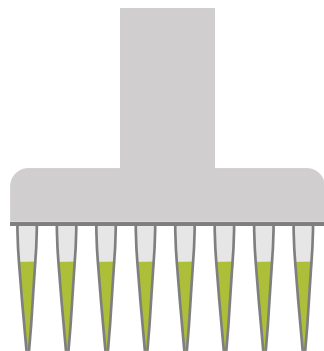
Realistic 3D *in vitro* mucus model

Standardized model suitable for HTS purposes

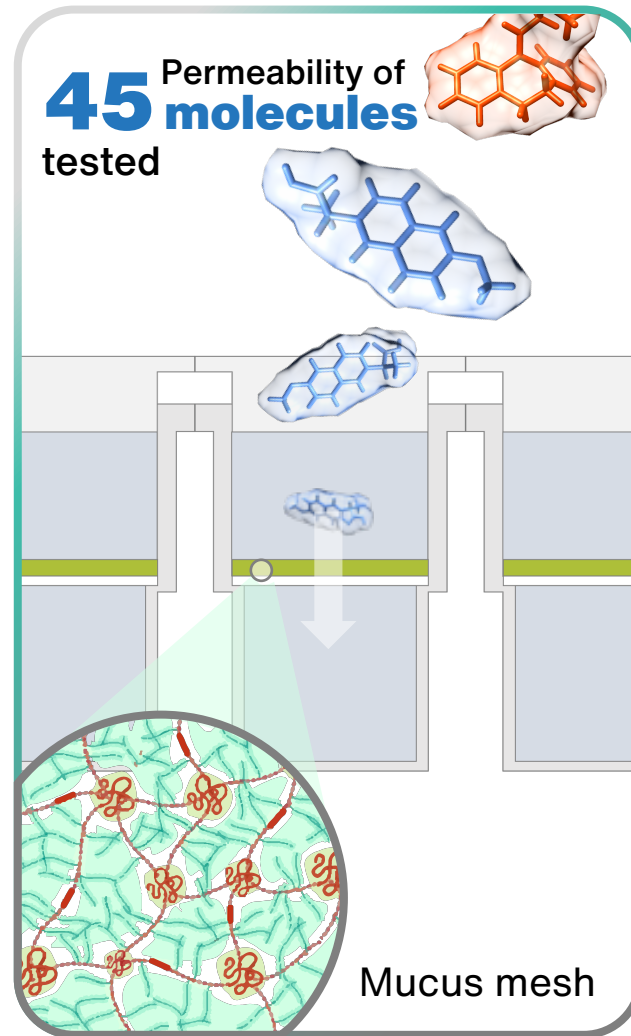
Reduce ineffective drug candidates



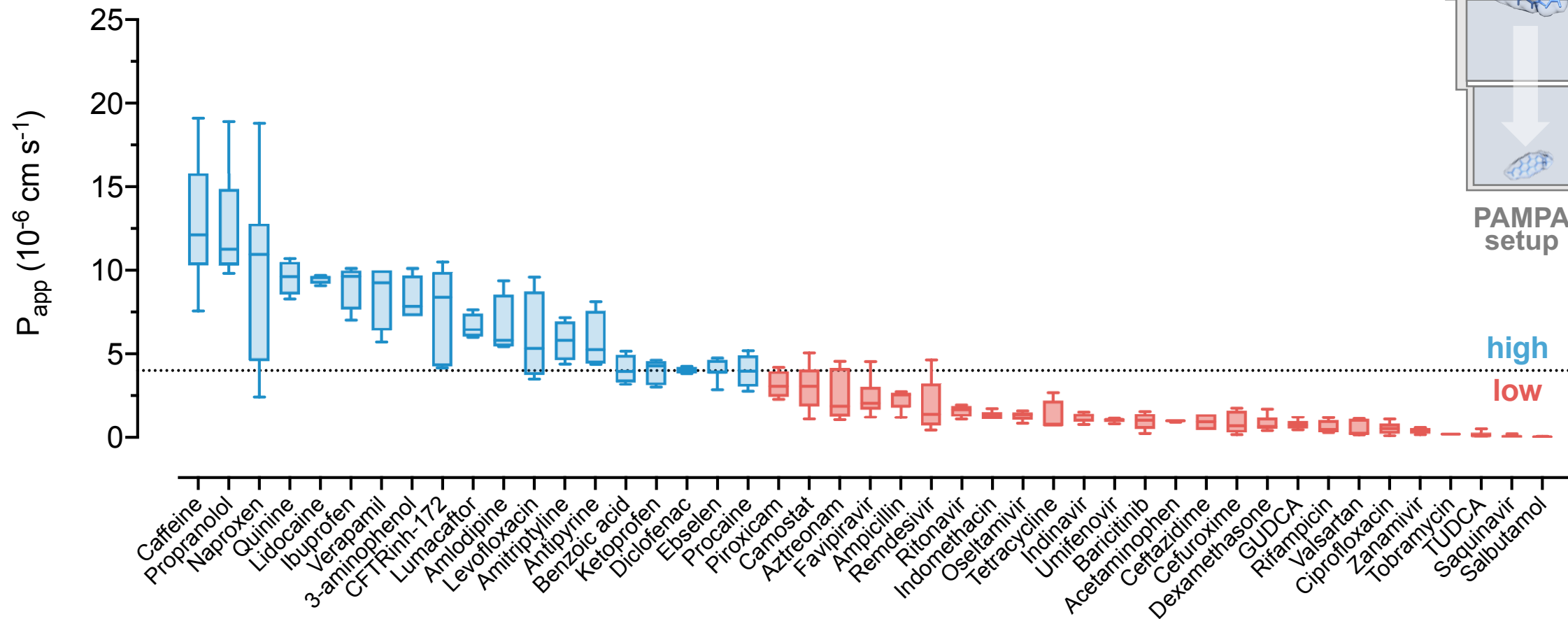
Cystic fibrosis mucus model



PAMPA plate



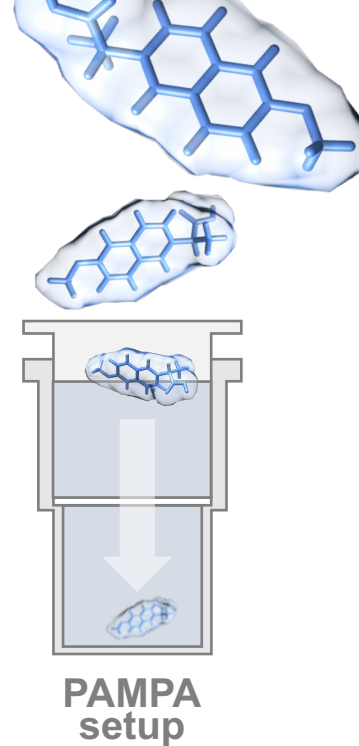
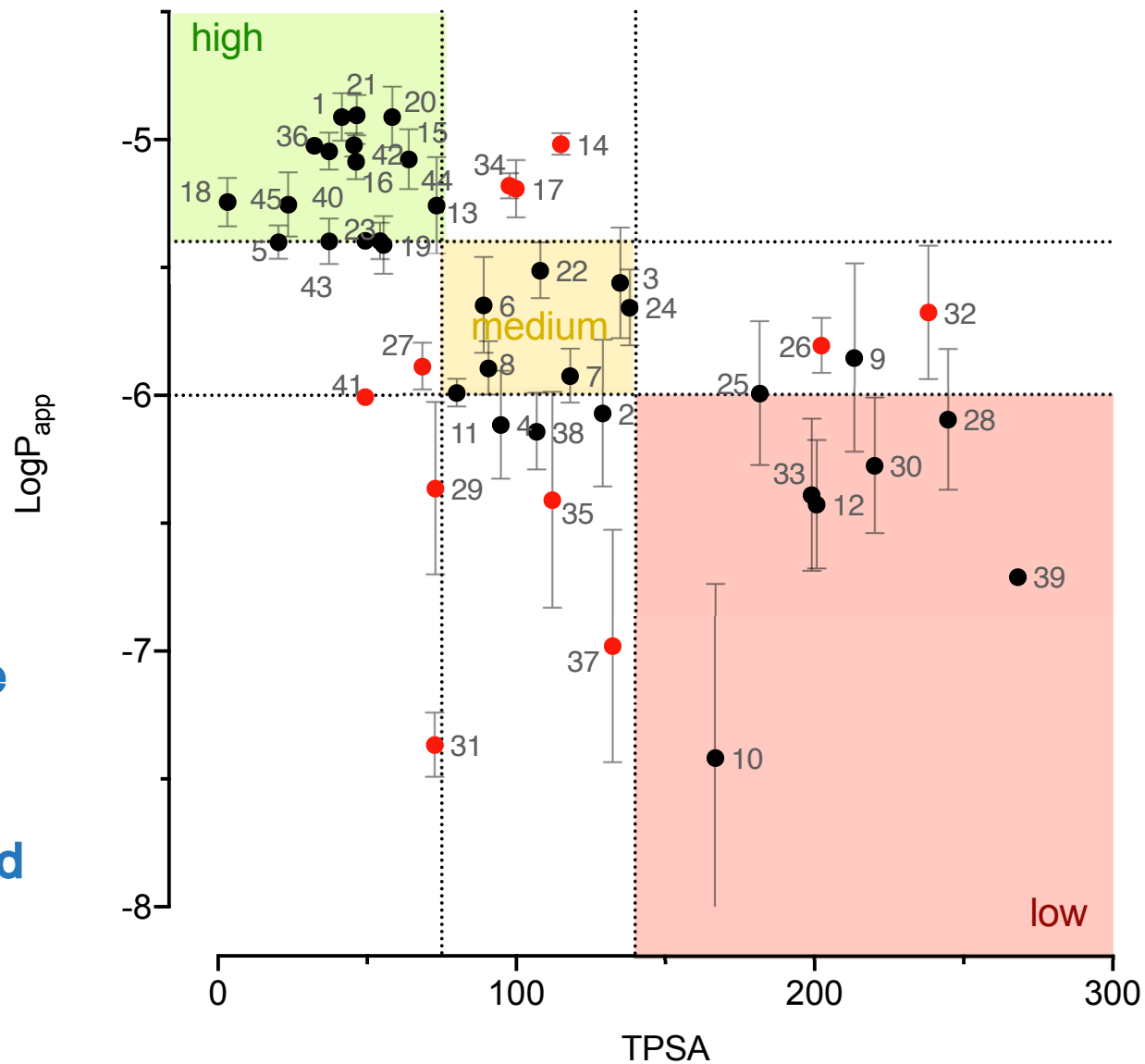
Results | Validation of the permeability setup



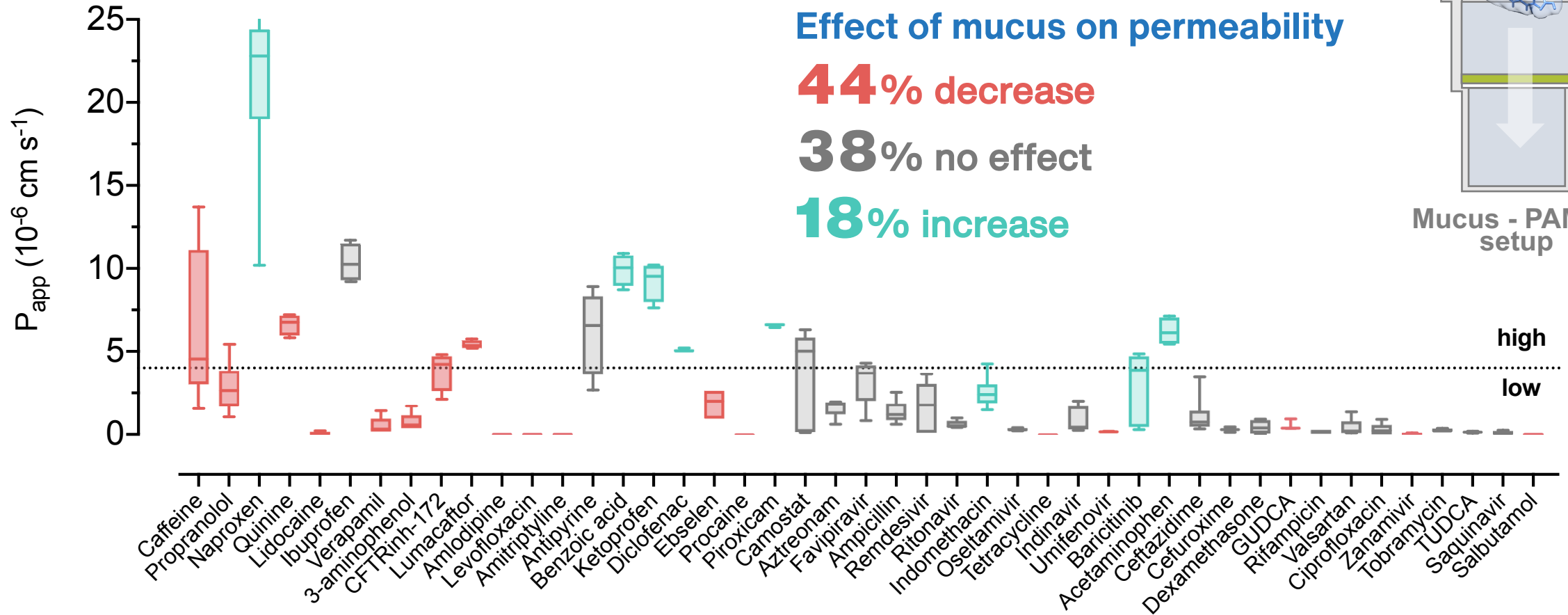
Results | Validation of the permeability setup

Good correlation of P_{app} with TPSA

80% of the drugs had the P_{app} correctly predicted based on the TPSA

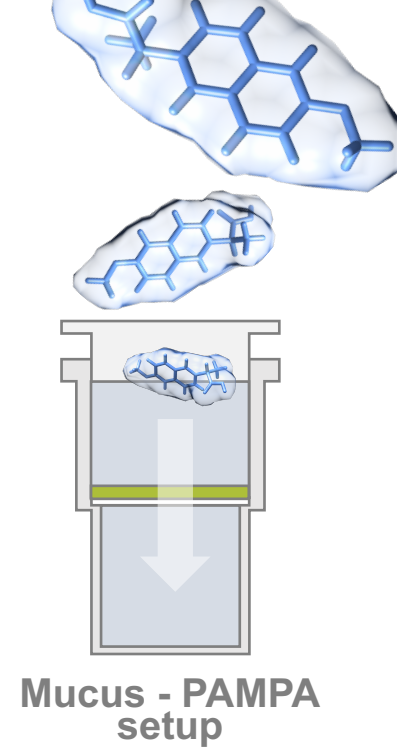
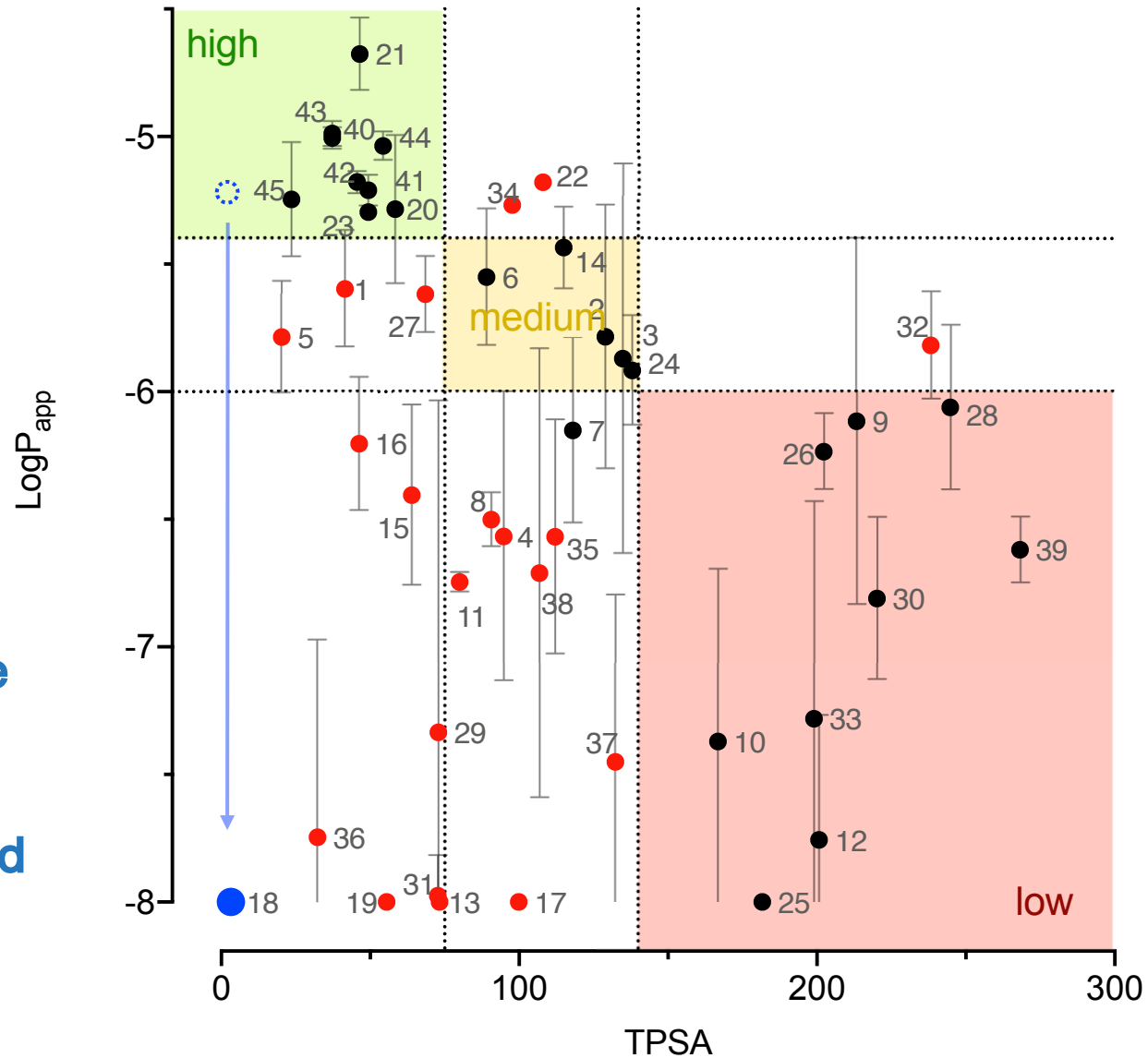


Results | The mucus model is an interactive barrier

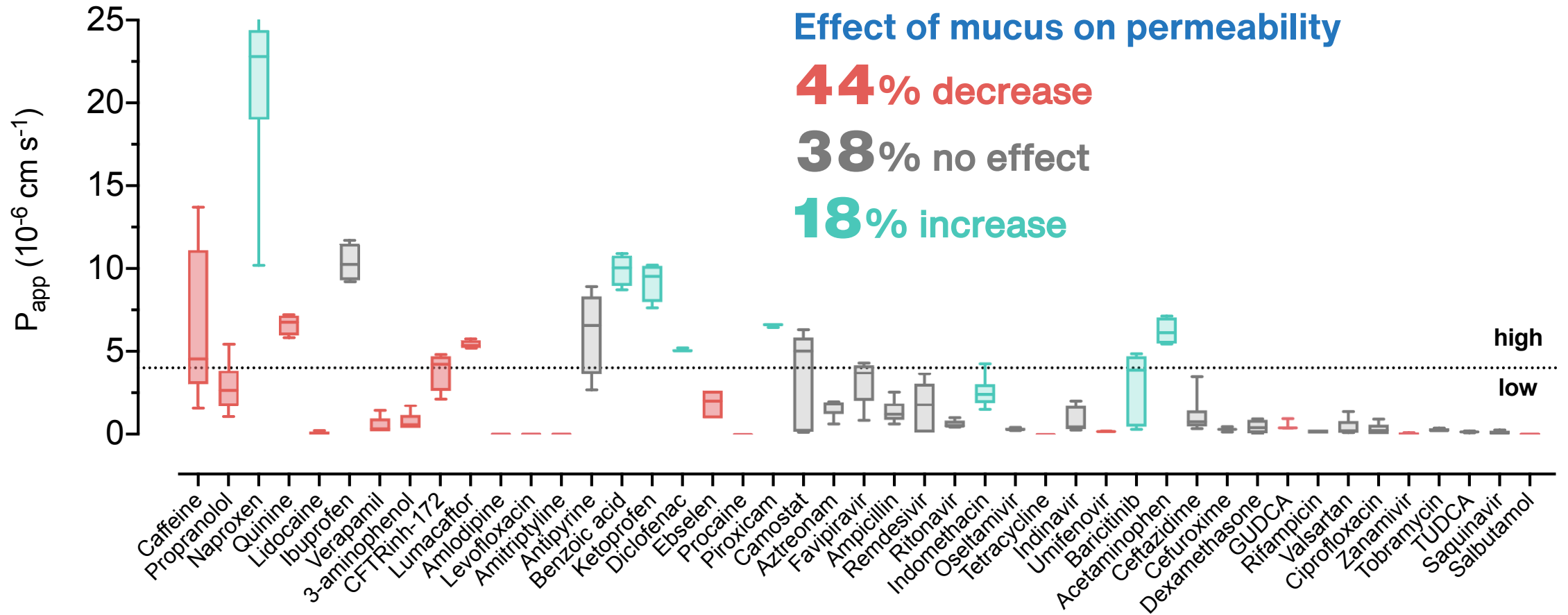


Results | The mucus model is an interactive barrier

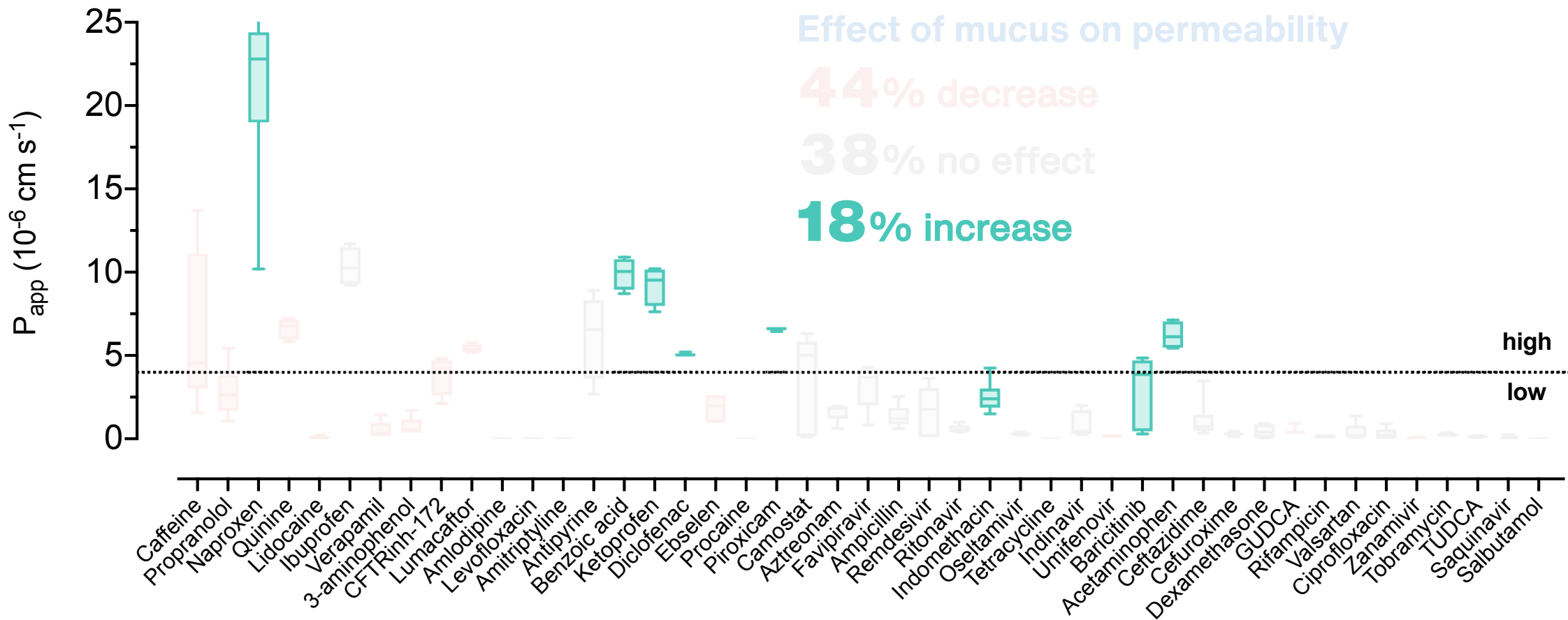
57% of the drugs had the P_{app} correctly predicted based on the TPSA



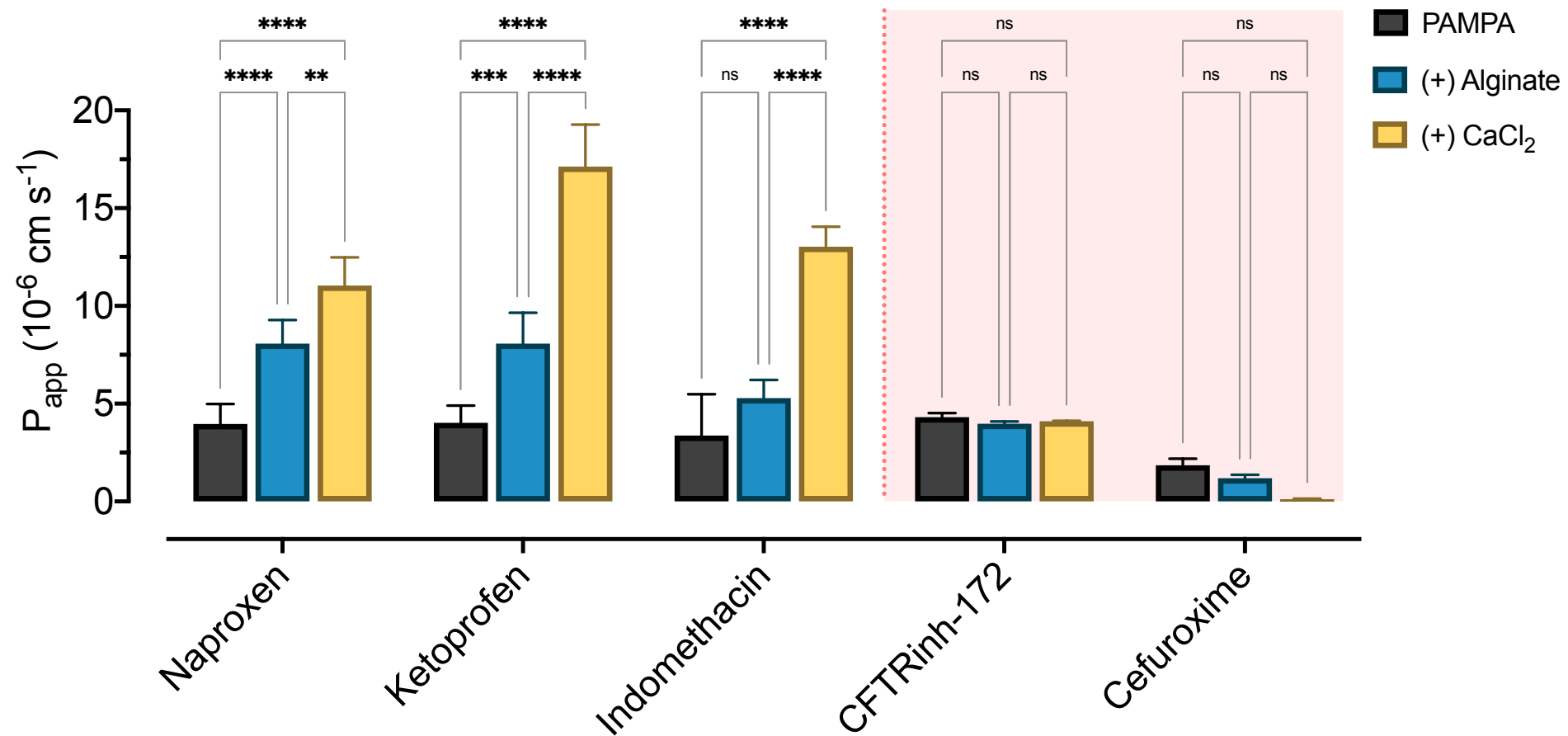
Results | On the increased permeability in presence of mucus



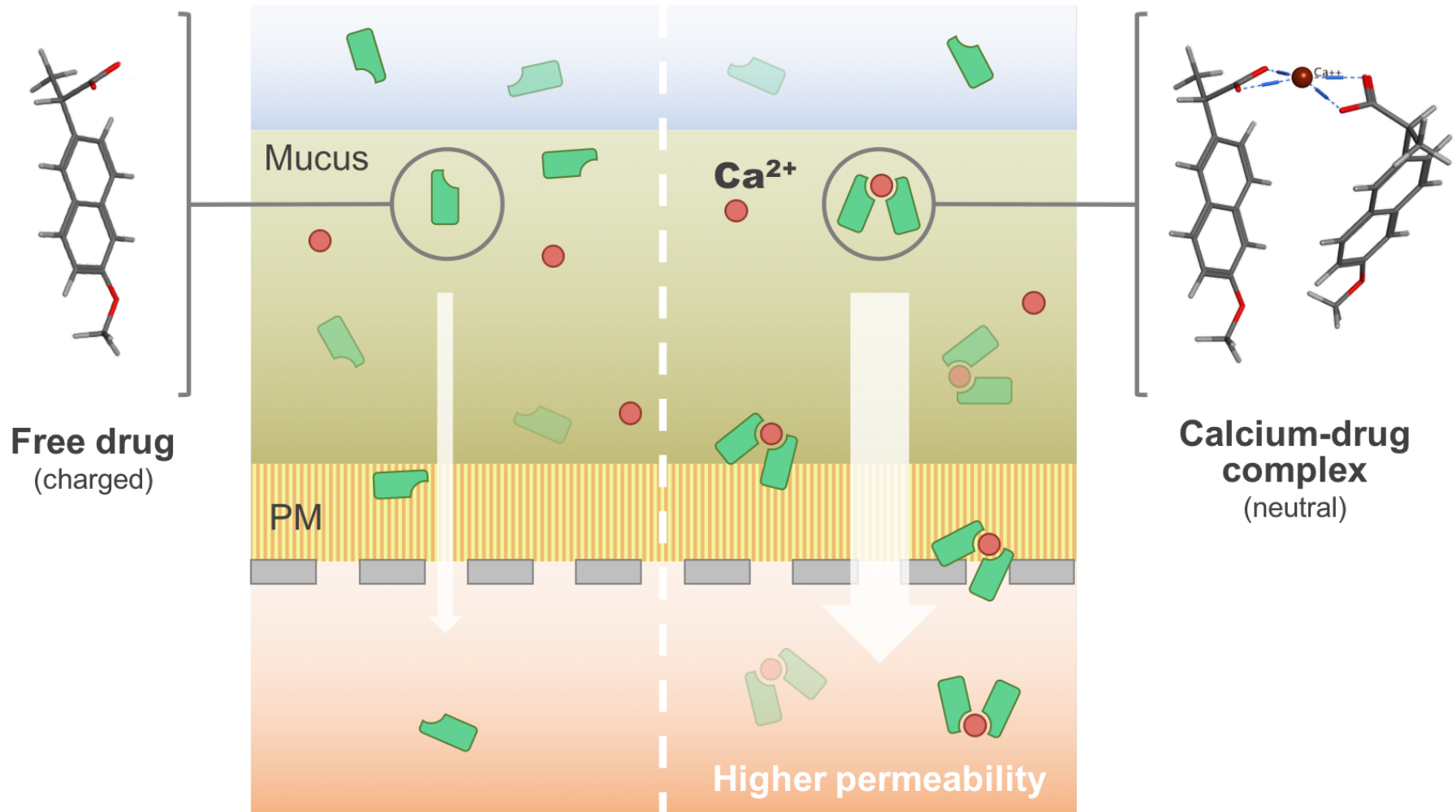
Results | On the increased permeability in presence of mucus



Results | Calcium-drug salts increase drug permeability



Results | Calcium-drug salts increase drug permeability



Conclusions

The effect of mucus is difficult to predict in pathological conditions and the PAMPA system is a too simplistic model

Retention within mucus is a complex phenomenon. Permeability can be decreased by mucus, but even increased when drug-calcium salts are formed

A fast screening of highly retained compounds can be assessed with the herein presented *in vitro* mucus model

